

Brilliant Public School , Sitamarhi



Class -V

G.K.

Sitamarhi Talent Search

Session : 2012-13

Rajopatti,Dumra Road,Sitamarhi(Bihar),Pin-843301

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Class V –G.K.

Full Marks: 240

Time : 3hrs

Choose the correct Answer:

1. DOS System stands for:
(a) Double operating system (b) Disk operating scheme (c) Disk operating system (d) Double operating scheme
2. Yahoo.com was launched on:
(a) 18 Jan.1995 (b) 18 Jan.1996 (c) 15 Jan.1995 (d) 15 Jan. 1996
3. ROM stands for:
(a) Read only memory (b) Read only moment (c) Rapid action memory (d) Rapid action moment
4. RAM stands for:
(a) Rapid access memory (b) Random access memory (c) Rapid action memory (d) Random action memory
5. UPS stands for:
(a) Uninterrupted power supply (b) Uninterrupted pass supply (c) Unrated power supply (d) Unrated pass supply
6. Google is a:
(a) Sunglasses (b) Car (c) Search engine (d) Plane
7. How many bytes make one megabyte:
(a) 10,000 (b) 100,000 (c) 10,000,000 (d) 1,000
8. JAVA is a:
(a) Spanish language (b) French language (c) Computer language (d) English language
9. The founder of WIPRO is:
(a) L.N Mittal (b) Bill Gates (c) Ratan Tata (d) Azim Premji
10. CPU stands for:
(a) Central Processing Unit (b) Central Program Unit (c) Central Programming Unit (d) Central Progress Unit
11. Father of computer is:
(a) Charles Cabbage (b) Charles Oborai (c) Charles Babbage (d) Charles Mittal
12. LAN stands for:
(a) Land area network (b) Local area network (c) Local access network (d) Land access network
13. Bagasse based power generation is associated with _____ industry.
(a) Bamboo (b) Sugarcane (c) Paper (d) Jute
14. Where in India is the dormant volcano located:
(a) Kavaratti (b) Daman and Diu (c) Andaman (d) Lakshadweep

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15. The first book which raised questions about the harmful effects of DDT
(a) The silent spring (b)One world (c)The cosmos (d)The fall of a sparrow
16. The primary food source for marine animal life:
(a) Phytoplanktons (b)Taro (c)Algae (d)Coral reefs
17. The river that carries the maximum amount of sediments:
(a) Brahmaputra (b)Yamuna (c)Kaveri (d)Ganga
18. The highly toxic mineral associated with the extraction of gold:
(a) Nitrogen (b)Mercury (c)Calcium Carbide (d)Cadmium
19. Which atmosphere layer contains the ozone shield:
(a) Troposphere (b)Stratosphere (c)Ionosphere (d)Exosphere
20. During its lifetime the banana plant flowers:
(a) Once (b)Twice (c)Thrice (d)Many times
21. The excreta of sea birds called guano is used as:
(a) Pesticide (b)Fertilizer (c)Weedicide (d)Herbicide
22. CFC's stands for:
(a) Chlorofluorocarbons (b)Chlorofluorocarbites (c)Cholofluorochloride (d)Chlorofluoroacid
23. World environment day is celebrated on:
(a) 5th June (b)5th July (c)5th September (d)5th October
24. UNEP Organization stands for
(a) United National Environment Progress (b) United Nations Environment Programme
(c) United Nations Environment Plan (d) United National Environment Program
25. The first computer for the home users was introduced in 1981 by:
(a) Apple (b)IBM (c)DELL (d)Acer
26. Largest land animal in the world.
(a)Elephant (b) Kodak bear (c) Blue whale (d) Cassowary
27. Animal having three eyelids
(a) Camel (b)Crocodile (c)Giraffe (d)Lion
28. A bird whose eye is bigger than its brain
(a)Kiwi (b) Emu (c) Ostrich (d)Kite
29. Smallest bird in the world
(a)Humming bird (b) Cassowary (c)Rose Robin (d)Weebill
30. The only animal that can't jump
(a) Hippopotamus (b) Elephant (c) Crocodile (d) Rhinoceros

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31. The animal which cannot stick its tongue out
(a) Tortoise (b) Whale (c) Sea Lion (d) Crocodile
32. Where are butterflies taste sensors located ?
(a) Proboscis (b) Mouth (c) Feet (d) Wings
33. The only dog which does not bark
(a) Basenji (b) Beabull (c) Bascottie (d) Basston
34. The only bird that can see colour blue
(a) Pigeon (b) Peacock (c) Owl (d) Eagle
35. Which insect has five eyes ?
(a) Flies (b) Honey Bee (c) Ant (d) Grass Hoppers
36. The animal which has no vocal cords
(a) Camel (b) Giraffe (c) Monkey (d) Deer
37. Snails have
(a) 4 noses (b) 2 noses (c) 1 nose (d) 3 noses
38. Which of the following animal makes the loudest noise
(a) Elephant (b) Lion (c) Blue whale (d) Dolphin
39. Phantasm
(a) Illusion (b) Murder (c) Worthless (d) Cold
40. Appreciable
(a) Relevant (b) Considerable (c) Obvious (d) Appealing
41. Awful
(a) Sad (b) Cruel (c) Terrible (d) Distress
42. Bendy
(a) Keen (b) Doubtful (c) Promote (d) Flexible
43. Bloodless
(a) Criminal (b) Cold (c) Corrupt (d) Deny
44. Dicey
(a) Risky (b) Corny (c) Clash (d) Fixed
45. Ego centric
(a) Deadly (b) Confess (c) Selfish (d) Tricky

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46. Prosperous
(a) Engaged (b) Renowned (c) Accomplish (d) Affluent
47. Reminiscence
(a) Memory (b) Precisely (c) Fundamental (d) Insight
48. Impediment
(a) Distrust (b) Obstacle (c) Indirect (d) Opportunity
49. Lucid
(a) Passion (b) Model (c) Clear (d) Reflect
50. Obdurate
(a) Stubborn (b) Irritate (c) Enthusiast (d) Gentle
51. The tallest mammal is _____.
a) Elephant b) Giraffe c) Hippopotamus d) Gorilla.
52. The _____ are long tailed songbirds found in tropical America Known for the mimicry They do for the calls and songs of other birds.
a) Mocking birds b) Parrot c) Nightingale d) sparrow
53. Which bird is known as laughing jackass?
a) Kookaburra b) Flamingo c) Peacock d) Ostrich
54. Name the flightless bird found in America.
a) Spoonbill b) Toucan c) Ostrich d) Peacock
55. What is the male swan called?
a) Cob b) Buck c) School d) duck
56. Which male bird keeps the eggs laid by the female under its feet covering it with a fold of its skin and does not eat anything until the eggs hatch.
a) Male Penguin b) Male Toucan c) Vulture d) Eagle
57. The _____ mainly feed on animals that are dead or have been killed by other animals
a) Eagle b) Hawk c) Vulture d) Owl
58. Which bird changes its color to match the season?
a) Ptarmigan b) Humming bird c) Eagle d) Hawk
59. Which is the slowest land mammal
a) Three toed sloth b) meadow mouse c) Pine vole d) Deer
60. Which flying insects move in swamps and cause great destruction to vegetation?
a) Locusts b) Grass hopper c) Ladybird d) Kiwi

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61. What is the name of a collection of lions?
a) Herd b) Pride c) Pack d) Parliament
62. How many toes does a lizard have?
a) 3 b) 4 c) 5 d) 7
63. Where do Yaks come from?
a) Tibet b) India c) Nepal d) Spain
64. Name the fastest moving snake in the world.
a) King cobra b) Black Lambda c) Rattle snake d) python
65. Which is the only bird that can drop its upper eyelids?
a) Owl b) Swift c) Parrot d) Humming bird
66. Where are the eyes of the snail?
a) At the end of the longest horn b) at the base of the horn c) on the side of the horn
67. What is the group of fish called?
a) Shoal b) Pack c) Herd d) Pride
68. Which is the smallest bird?
a) Rhea b) humming Bird c) sparrow d) Alpine
69. Name a flying mammal.
a) Bat b) Kite c) Alpine d) Hawk
70. How many eyes does a spider have?
a) 2 b) 6 c) 8 d) 4
71. How long does a tortoise live?
a) 100 years b) 150 years c) 75 years d) 200 years
72. Which animal has more bones in its neck?
a) Horse b) giraffe c) Deer d) Camel
73. What is the Koala's favorite food?
a) Eucalyptus leaves b) Berries c) Bamboo leaves d) Insects
74. Which are the only animals in the world to have four horns?
a) Elk b) Chausingha c) Black buck d) Deer
75. The central imaginary line is called the _____ .
a. Tropic of cancer b. Prime Meridian c. Equator d. Torrid zone
76. The southern most point of the globe is called _____
a. Southern Hemisphere b. North Pole c. South pole d. Frigid zone
77. _____ also helps us to calculate time at a place.
a. Equator b. Prime Meridian c. Latitude d. Longitude
78. What are longitudes otherwise called?

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- b. Equator b.Parallels c.Meridians d. Prime meridian
- 79.The _____ divides the globe into two hemispheres.
a. Prime Meridian b. Equator c. Tropic of cancer d. Longitude
- 80.Which is the longest circle?
a. Prime Meridian b. Arctic circle c. Equator d.Antarctic circle
- 81.Where do lines of longitude meet?
a. Equator b. Southern Hemisphere c. Northern Hemisphere d. Poles
82. Name the lines that run from east to west?
a. Prime Meridian b. Equator c. Parallel d. Meridians
83. From north pole to the equator how many degrees of latitudes do we find?
a. 180 b. 60 c.90 d.66
84. Land covers about _____ percent of the earth's surface.
a. 71 b. 21 c. 29 d. 79
- 85._____ are the highest land form.
a. Plains b. Plateaus c.Mountains d. Valley
- 86._____ is the highest plateau in the world.
a. Rajasthan b. Tibet c. Saudi Arabia d. Deccan
- 87.Plateaus are also called _____ .
a. low lands b. table lands c. Mountains d. Valleys
- 88.Deep valley with steep sides of rock. _____
a. Delta b. Meander c. Canyon d. Plain
- 89.High Lands rising from the surrounding areas are called _____
a. Plains b. Plateaus c. deserts d. canyons
- 90.A river forms a _____ in its lower course.
a. Canyon b. delta c. Meander d. Rapids
- 91.Which is the largest cold desert?
a. Arctic region b. Africa c. Antarctica d. Patagonia
- 92.Name the largest hot desert.
a. Sahara b. Thar c. Rajasthan d. Patagonia
93. Plains are also called _____ .
a. High Lands b. Plateau c. Low Lands d. Valley
- 94.Plains have a _____ soil.
a. Sandy b. Fertile c. Rocky d. Dry
95. The -----is the largest creature lived on earth.
a. Whale b. Dolphin c. Elephant d. Seal

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96. The -----is the largest land animal in the world.
a. Tiger b. Elephant c. Kodiak bear d. Lion
97. What is the largest member of the rodent family-----.
a. Agouti b. Capybara c. Cavy d. Nutria
98. An herbivorous rodent-----.
a. Porcupine b. Rat c. Mole d. Kudu
99. -----is a mammal covered with scales and has a long sticky tongue. It is found in Asia and Africa.
a. Armadillo b. Kudu c. Caracal d. Pangolin
100. An average hen will lay -----eggs a year.
a. 220 b. 227 c. 230 d. 215
101. Age of a gray wolf is-----.
a. 13 b. 15 c. 17 d. 20
102. Penguins can jump -----feet in the air.
a. 8 b. 10 c. 6 d. 12
103. -----cannot walk backward.
a. Goose b. Kangaroo c. Camel d. Chicken
104. It is a nocturnal mammal and lives in Central and West Africa. It has large eyes and big ears.
a. Nyala b. Genet c. Serval d. Potto
105. The tallest mammal-----.
a. Camel b. Giraffe c. Elephant d. Lion
106. The fastest swimming mammal is-----.
a. Seal b. Fish c. Dolphin d. Whale
107. The slowest moving mammal-----.
a. South American Sloth b. Red Fox c. Snail d. Elephant
108. The biggest land mammal-----.
a. Elephant b. Lion c. Giraffe d. Tiger
109. -----lives in deep sea and releases a cloud of ink over them to escape from enemies.
a. Octopus b. Fish c. Dolphin d. Squid
110. Small arctic whale also called as sea Unicorn-----.
a. Narwhal b. Squid c. Blue Whale d. Seal
111. The bird which produces its waste in enclosed sacs and remove from its nest-----.
a. Great tit b. Humming bird c. Pigeon d. Sparrow
112. Fastest land mammal-----.
a. Cheetah b. Lion c. Leopard d. Black Buck
113. The smallest land animal-----.

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a. Etruscan shrew b. Snail c. Ant d. Hen

114. This fish takes care of its eggs and young ones in its mouth-----

a. Star fish b. Golden fish c. Shale d. Mouth brooders

115. An ant eater can eat -----ants a day.

a. 20,000 b. 30,000 c. 10,000 d. 5,000

116. Toothless American creature-----.

a. Armadillo b. Squid c. Meerkat d. Marwhal

117. The lion can live for over -----years.

a. 80years b. 70years c. 50years d. 30years

118. The largest land Carnivore-----.

a. Elephant b. Kodaic bear c. Camel d. Giraffee

119. Antlered member is the only one where the female also has antlers-----

a. Mule deer b. Elk c. Reindeer d. Wapiti

120. Father of Telephone

a) George Stephenson b) Alexander Graham Bell c) Geoffrey Chaucer d) Robert Peary

121. Father of Australia

a) Sir Edmund Barton b) Sir George Cayley c) Adam Smith d) Amerigo Vespucci

122. Father of comedy

a) William Caxton b) Aristophanes c) Sir George d) Geoffery Chaucer

123. Father of chemistry

a) Ernest Rutherford b) Adam Smith c) Robert Boyle d) Roald Amundsen

124. Father of English Poetry

a) Sir Edmund Barton b) Geoffrey Chaucer c) William Caxton d) George Stephenson

125. Father of English Printing

a) William Caxton b) Robert Boyle c) Alexander Graham Bell d) Aristophanes

126. Father of Aviation

a) Sir Edmund Barton b) Geoffrey Chaucer c) Sir George Cayley d) George Stephenson

127. Father of Railways

a) Sir George b) Geoffery Chaucer c) William Caxton d) Aristophanes

128. Father of Economics

a) Ernest Rutherford b) Adam Smith c) Robert Boyle d) Sir Edmund Barton

129. Father of Nuclear Physics

a) Ernest Rutherford b) Aristophanes c) Sir George d) Geoffery Chaucer

130. America was named after an Italy born explorer.

a) Robert Peary b) Ferdinand Magellan c) Amerigo Vespucci d) Vasco da Gama

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131. Portuguese sea captain who led the first expedition that sailed around the world
a) Roald Amundsen b) Robert Peary c) Ferdinand Magellan d) Christopher Columbus
132. American explorer who was the first to reach the North Pole
a) Christopher Columbus b) Robert Peary c) Vasco da Gama d) Amerigo Vespucci
133. An Italian born explorer who sailed towards the west to find a shorter route to India and China.
a) Christopher Columbus b) Sir Edmund Barton c) William Caxton d) Robert Peary
134. Norwegian explorer first to reach the south pole.
a) Ferdinand Magellan b) Vasco da Gama c) Adam Smith d) Roald Amundsen
135. A Portuguese sea captain and explorer who led the first fleet to reach India from Europe.
a) Ernest Rutherford b) Vasco da Gama c) George Stephenson d) Amerigo Vespucci
136. Christopher Columbus was from this territory
a) Brazil b) Amazon c) West Indies d) Spain
137. The land of Midnight Sun
a) Africa b) Bhutan c) Norway d) Africa
138. The Land of Maple Leaf
a) Australia b) Canada c) Chicago d) Japan
139. The Land of boiling Springs
a) New Zealand b) Australia c) Thailand d) Rome
140. The playground of Europe
a) Bhutan b) Norway c) Japan d) Switzerland
141. The largest residential building in India is _____
a) Raj Bhavan c) Burj Dubai
b) Rastrapati Bhavan d) White House.
142. The biggest gateway in India which is located at Fatehpur Sikri is _____
a) Gate way of India c) Buland Darwaza
b) India Gate d) Gol Gumbaz.
143. The highest waterfall in India is _____
a) Jog falls c) Corbette falls
b) Angel falls d) Nigara falls.
144. The tallest statue in India which is in Karnataka is Statue of _____
a) Liberty c) Gomateshwar
b) Shivaji d) Mahatma Gandhi.
145. The largest lake in India _____
a) Chilika Lake c) Dal Lake
b) Wular Lake d) Pulicat Lake.
146. The largest delta in India is situated in West Bengal is _____.

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169. Gases containing chlorine, fluorine and carbon responsible for destroying the ozone layer.
- a) Fluorocarbons
 - b) Chloro Carbons
 - c) Chlorofluoro Carbons
 - d) Carbons
170. Cutting down of tree is
- a) Deforestation
 - b) Afforestation
 - c) Vanamahotsava
 - d) Plantation
171. The study of the relation of organisms to their environment
- a) Biology
 - b) Endocrinology
 - c) Botany
 - d) Ecology
172. All the food chains in a community make up this food cycle or web.
- a) Food chain
 - b) Food pyramid
 - c) Food web
 - d) Nutrition
173. An increase in the temperature of earth's atmosphere due to green house effect
- a) Global warming
 - b) Global cooling
 - c) Glacier melting
 - d) Flooding
174. The amount of water vapour in the air
- a) Clouds
 - b) Rain
 - c) humidity
 - d) evaporation
175. A region of the earth's upper atmosphere
- a) Exosphere
 - b) Endosphere
 - c) Borosphere
 - d) Ionosphere
176. Hot molten material emerging from earth's crust or mantle
- a) Lava
 - b) Magma
 - c) Hot iron
 - d) dissolved rock
177. The thinning of ozone layer which protects life on earth
- a) Ozone hole
 - b) Oxygen layer
 - c) atmosphere
 - d) exosphere
178. Harmful substance introduced into the environment due to domestic, agricultural & industrial activity
- a) Pesticides
 - b) Pollutants
 - c) Fertilizers
 - d) Insecticides
179. The wearing away of the soil by agents like water, wind, waves & glaciers
- a) Flash floods
 - b) Land slide
 - c) Soil erosion
 - d) Cyclone

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193. The scientist who is responsible for the "Green Revolution" in India.
a) M. S. Swaminathan b) C.V. Raman c) S. N. Bose d) Salim Ali
194. An Indian who developed a theory on White Dwarf Stars.
a) C.V. Raman b) G. Madhavan Nair c) C. S. Chandrashekhar d) M. S. Swaminathan
195. Person who introduced the use of chloroform in surgery.
a) James Simpson b) Edward Jenner c) Louis Pasteur d) Alexander Flemming
196. Which list contains all the nouns of the given sentence?
'The audience gasps with amazement at the daring stunts of the acrobat.'
a) audience, gasps, daring, acrobat b) audience, gasps, amazement, daring
c) audience, amazement, stunts, acrobat d) gasps, amazement, daring, stunts
197. In which sentence are all common and proper nouns written correctly?
a) Last month mom visited Aunt Caroline. b) We took her to O'Hare Airport on Memorial Day.
c) My Aunt lives in a small town in Texas. d) She swims at a beach along the Gulf Of Mexico.
198. Which words correctly complete this sentence?
'**We gathered _____ of _____ in the _____.**'
a) bunchs . . . daisys . . . valleys b) bunches . . . daisies . . . valleys
c) bunches . . . daisys . . . vallies d) bunchs . . . daisies . . . vallies
- 199 Which group of words has the same meaning as the words in italics?
'*The claws of my cat* have left marks on our sofa.'
a) My cats claws b) My cats' claws
c) My cat claws d) My cat's claws
200. Which is an example of a common noun?
a) playing b) his c) house d) flock
201. Jack's going to the party also. Jack's is an example of a _____.
a) Singular possessive noun b) Contraction
c) Plural possessive noun d) Singular noun
202. Find a common noun in: Does Jimmy really want to move to a new state?
a) Jimmy b) want c) move d) state
203. Find a word that is not a noun.
a) cookie b) desk c) barn d) pray
204. Choose the sentence in which noun is underlined.
a) Robert is learning how to make a kite.
b) Robert and Mark went to the beach to fly their kites.
c) Robert's kite flew eighteen feet into the air.
d) The kite was silver and gold with a gold dragon painted in the middle.
205. Read each pair of nouns. Choose the pair in which the plural form is spelled correctly.
a) entry – entryes b) company – companys
c) sky – skys d) story – stories
206. In which sentence should the word 'children' be used?

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- a) Each _____ will be responsible for doing a science project.
b) He hopes all of the _____ in his class will do their best.
c) The blue ribbon will go to the _____ with the best project.
d) One _____ did a great experiment about friction.
207. In which sentence is the underlined noun singular?
a) A goose has feet like a duck's. b) Can a moose eat as much as ten sheep?
c) Several women were feeding some geese. d) A farmer saw some deer in the field.
208. Which one of these words is an abstract noun?
a) boy b) hate c) bag d) cat
209. A book for daily record of events, thoughts, etc., is called a _____
a) document b) diary c) album d) brochure
210. Name the top selling books of all times.
a) Qur'an b) Don Quixote c) The Bible d) Xinhua Zidian
211. A piece of writing ridiculing a person or society is called a _____
a) Satire b) travelogue c) farce d) skit
212. Who is the author of the autobiography ' Ek Kahani Yeh Bhi '?
a) Kalidasa Abdul b) Fazl c) Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru d) Mannu Bhandari
213. A story with animal characters in it, which teaches a moral is called a _____ .
a) skit b) satire c) fable d) farce
214. Who is the famous world-wide playwright whose plays were never published during his lifetime, but today are considered masterpieces?
a) Leo Tolstoy b) William Shakespeare c) Robert Frost d) William Wordsworth
215. Name the most outstanding figure of classical Sanskrit literature who composed 'Meghdoot',
a) Charaka b) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee c) Haridas d) Kalidasa
216. A poetic account of the deeds of great heroes or of a nation's past history is called a _____.
a) epic b) satire c) document d) diary
217. ' Ananda Math ' is a famous novel which evoked the popular slogan 'Vande Mataram'.
a) Rabindranath Tagore b) Gandhiji c) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee d) Mannu Bhandari
218. Birth certificate, marriage and death certificates are used as a record of evidence and are known as _____.
a) brochure b) diary c) document d) travelogue
219. A play, film, or a TV programme of a serious or solemn nature, with a sad ending, is called a _____.
a) comedy b) tragedy c) skit d) fable
220. 'Discovery of India' is written by _____.
a) Gandhiji b) Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru
c) Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad d) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
221. A short, usually descriptive, printed matter in a paper-cover illustrating holiday resorts,

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a) Soviet Luna b) Surveyor c) Cosmos d) Sputnik

239. The first space tourist on board Russian Soyuz Space Shuttle in April 2001 was _____.

a) Takao Doi b) Dennis Tito c) Sultan Salman Al Saud d) Allen Bean

240. _____ was the first Indian woman to go into space.

a) Kalpana Chawla b) Sunitha Williams c) Valentina Tereshkova d) Sally Ride

ANSWERS KEY – GENERAL KNOWLEDGE CLASS V

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1. c | 44. a |
| 2. a | 45. c |
| 3. a | 46. d |
| 4. b | 47. a |
| 5. a | 48. b |
| 6. c | 49. c |
| 7. a | 50. a |
| 8. c | 51. b |
| 9. d | 52. a |
| 10. a | 53. a |
| 11. c | 54. c |
| 12. b | 55. a |
| 13. b | 56. a |
| 14. c | 57. c |
| 15. d | 58. a |
| 16. a | 59. a |
| 17. d | 60. b |
| 18. b | 61. b |
| 19. b | 62. c |
| 20. a | 63. a |
| 21. b | 64. b |
| 22. a | 65. a |
| 23. a | 66. a |
| 24. b | 67. a |
| 25. b | 68. b |
| 26. b | 69. a |
| 27. a | 70. c |
| 28. c | 71. b |
| 29. a | 72. b |
| 30. b | 73. a |
| 31. d | 74. b |
| 32. c | 75. c |
| 33. a | 76. c |
| 34. c | 77. d |
| 35. a | 78. c |
| 36. b | 79. b |
| 37. a | 80. c |
| 38. c | 81. d |
| 39. a | 82. c |
| 40. b | 83. c |
| 41. c | 84. c |
| 42. d | 85. c |
| 43. b | 86. b |

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87. b
88. c
89. b
90. b
91. c
92. a
93. c
94. b
95. a
96. c
97. b
98. a
99. d
100. b
101. a
102. c
103. b
104. d
105. b
106. d
107. a
108. a
109. d
110. a
111. a
112. d
113. a
114. d
115. b
116. a
117. b
118. b
119. c
120. a
121. a
122. b
123. c
124. b
125. a
126. c
127. d
128. b
129. a
130. c
131. c
132. b
133. a
134. d
135. b
136. c
137. c
138. b
139. a
140. d
141. b
142. c
143. a
144. c
145. b
146. d
147. a
148. c
149. a
150. c
151. b
152. a
153. c
154. a
155. d
156. c
157. a
158. c
159. d
160. b
161. a
162. b
163. c
164. d
165. a
166. b
167. b
168. a
169. c
170. a
171. d
172. c
173. a
174. c
175. d
176. b
177. a
178. b
179. c
180. d
181. a
182. b
183. c
184. b
185. d
186. a
187. a
188. d
189. d
190. a
191. b
192. c
193. a
194. c

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195. a
196. c
197. b
198. b
199. d
200. c
201. b
202. d
203. d
204. d
205. d
206. b
207. a
208. b
209. b
210. c
211. a
212. d
213. c
214. b
215. d
216. a
217. c

218. c
219. b
220. b
221. a
222. c
223. c
224. b
225. a
226. b
227. b
228. b
229. c
230. c
231. a
232. b
233. b
234. c
235. a
236. b
237. b
238. a
239. b
240. a